

Intimations.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, LIMITED,
DISPENSING CHEMISTS, &c.

CHEMISTS AND AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.

A REFRESHING WHOLESOME DRINK.

DAKIN'S LEMON SQUASH.
A VERITABLE LEMON SQUASH
AERATED, COOLING, THIRST
QUENCHING.

PER DOZEN 50 CENTS.

(Telephone No. 62.)

No. 22 & 24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Hongkong, 4th May, 1891.

BY APPOINTMENT.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.
(ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.)
HONGKONG.

WE invite attention to the following old
branded Brandy, all of which are of ex-
cellent quality and good value for the money.
The same being specially selected by our
London House, and bought direct from the most
noted Shippers, are imported in wood and bottled
by ourselves, thus enabling us to supply the
best goods at moderate prices.

IN ordering it is only necessary to state
the name and quantity of Wine or Spirit wanted,
and initial letter for quality desired.
Orders through Local Post or by Telegram
receive prompt attention.

PORTS. (For Invalids and general use.)

	Per Case.	Per Bottle.
A. Alto Douro, good quality, Green Capsule.....	\$1.00	
B. Vintage, Superior quality, Red Capsule.....	1.10	
C. Fine Old Vintage, superior quality, Black Seal Capsule.....	1.25	
D. Very Fine Old Vintage, extra superior, Violet Capsule (Old Bottled).....	1.50	

	Per Case.	Per Bottle.
SHERRIES.		
A. Delicate Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Capsule.....	0.60	
B. Superior Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Seal Capsule.....	0.75	
C. Mazarin, Pale Natural Sherry, White Capsule.....	1.00	
CC. Superior Old Dry, Pale Natural Sherry, Red Seal Capsule.....	1.00	
D. Very Superior Old Pale Dry, White Seal Capsule.....		
E. Extra Superior Old Pale Dry, very finest quality, Black Seal Capsule (Old Bottled).....	1.50	

	Per Case.	Per Bottle.
CLARETS.		
A. Superior Breakfast Claret, Red Capsule.....	\$4.50	
B. St. Estephe, Red Capsule.....	4.50	
C. St. Julien.....	7.50	
D. La Rose.....	1.75	

	Per Case.	Per Bottle.
BRANDY.		
A. Hennessy's Old Pale, Red Capsule.....	\$1.10	
B. Superior Very Old Cognac, Red Capsule.....	1.25	
C. Very Old Liqueur Cognac, Red Capsule.....	1.50	
D. Hennessy's Finest Very Old Liqueur Cognac, 1872 Vin- tage, Red Capsule.....	2.00	

	Per Case.	Per Bottle.
SCOTCH WHISKY.		
A. Thorne's Blend, White Cap- sule.....	0.75	
B. Watson's Glenorchy Mellow Blend, Blue Capsule.....	0.75	
C. Watson's Aboulnervin, Red Capsule, with Name and Trade Mark.....	0.75	
D. Watson's H. K. D. Blend of Whiskies, Violet Capsule.....	1.00	
E. Watson's Very Old Liqueur Scotch Whisky, Gold Capsule.....	1.10	

	Per Case.	Per Bottle.
IRISH WHISKY.		
A. John Jameson's Old, Green Capsule.....	0.75	
B. John Jameson's Fine Old, Green Capsule.....	1.00	
C. John Jameson's Very Fine Old, Green Capsule.....	1.10	
GENUINE BOURBON WHISKY, fine Old, Red Capsule, with Name.....	1.00	

	Per Case.	Per Bottle.
GIN.		
A. Fine Old Tom, White Capsule.....	0.40	
B. Unswettened, White Cap- sule.....	0.40	
C. Fine A. V. H. Geneva.....	1.25	

	Per Case.	Per Bottle.
RUM.		
A. Finest Old Jamaica, Violet Capsule.....	1.00	
B. Good Leonard Island.....	1.50	

	Per Case.	Per Bottle.
LIQUEURS.		
Benedictine.....		
Marschallio.....		
Coracao.....		
Cherry Cordial.....		
Dr. Siegel's Anker-Pain- Expeller.....		

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, MONDAY, JUNE 29, 1891.

TELEGRAMS.

CONTINUED ILLNESS OF MR. GLADSTONE.

Mr. Gladstone is still suffering from influenza. His condition is causing his friends considerable anxiety.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

"BOCCACCIO" to-night, and a bumper house.

An Emergency Convocation of the City Council, No. 1105, will be held in the Municipal Hall, 2nd Floor, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely. Visiting companions are cordially invited.

A telegram to a Manila contemporary, dated the 29th June, says that by the collapse of a bridge in Switzerland 120 persons have been killed, and over 300 injured. It is inferred that some trials were decried.

CORONATION Day yesterday. Thirty dollars spent in order in consequence.

THE P. O. S. N. Co's steamer *Bombay* left Singapore for this port at 3.30 p.m. yesterday.

Is marriage a failure? "Bridal outfit to rent" is the headline on the sign of a New York tradesman.

Retains of the number of visitors to the City Hall Museum for the week ending June 28th, are:—Europeans 120, Chinese 1,743; total 1,863.

"Enquirer" is wrong in supposing that the *Empress of India* has taken root in the colony—she took in some cargo only a fortnight ago.

We are informed by the agent of the Messageries Maritimes that the Company's steamer *Salado*, with the next French mail, left Saigon for this port, at 4 p.m. yesterday.

A SORT of Trust and Loan Company is being formed in Manila, with a capital of one million dollars, to develop the resources of the Philippines. The H. & S. funds will come in handy.

A WRITER in an American paper has formed the opinion that the measures of a lawyer in making out a bill are exceeded only by the measures of the work most of his clients expect him to do. Whereupon we chip in "quite true."

It is satisfactory to note that great progress is being made with the works at the Hongkong mines in Toquico. The locomotives and rails have arrived safely at the mines and have been landed and the laying of the track is progressing with all speed.

FIFTY cases in two hours isn't a bad record, even for Mr. A. G. Wise. That was about the number this morning, the majority being miscreants who hawked rice-puddings, blood, bean-curd, herbs, etc., without helping to pay the increased official salaries.

THE Manila *Comercio* of the 24th inst. says that Judge Lobli, of the Court of First Instance, has had the "noisy" question between the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank and Messrs. Jurado and Co. before him. The Bank had re-opened, after being closed for nearly a month.

THE Band of the A. & S. Highlanders will play the following programme at the Sanatorium, on Wednesday next, commencing at 5.15 p.m.:—
Overture "Hunting Song" Kaler Bala.
"The Goodbye Song" Kaler Bala.
"The Goodbye Song" Kaler Bala.
"The Goodbye Song" Kaler Bala.

THE Chinese Imperial Maritime Customs are again setting a good example to the British Government in regard to good faith, for it is reported that under instructions from Sir Robert Hart a lighthouse is to be at once erected on Waiyin Island. At all events yesterday Mr. McLeay, British Consul, accompanied by the Commandant of the *H.M.S. "Hawke"* (Captain Hastings, R.N.) and a large party, proceeded outside the Lygon upon a visit of inspection.

If the split of English law were only enforced here, or were Hongkong to be dumped down in London for twenty-four hours' what splendid revelations would be made to the air for we have seen that at the Old Bally a few weeks since Joseph R. Thorne and Anne Roodhouse, his wife, convicted of obtaining money and jewellery by trafficking in children, were sentenced, the former to eighteen months' and the woman to twelve months' hard labour. The Recorder remarked that the case was an extraordinary one, for the prisoners had obtained possession of no fewer than 34 children, with whom they had traded and obtained over £300.

FROM private letters received from Shanghai, says the *Kobe Herald*, we learn that the approximate liabilities of Messrs. Russell & Co. to local creditors alone are as follows:—
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation..... £150,000.00
Comptoir National d'Escompte..... 75,000.00
Chartered Bank of India, Aus-
tralia, and China..... 75,000.00
Deutsche Asiatische Bank..... 30,000.00
Chartered Mercantile Bank of
India, London, and China..... 15,000.00
The Taikoo of Shanghai..... 105,000.00
Other Chinese creditors..... 45,000.00
Aggregating the sum of £1,045,000, or say about \$1,250,000.

THE expected declaration of war between England and Portugal has come. The first hostilities occurred in Kowloon last night, and our campaign correspondent sends the following details:—Two Englishmen, brothers, when quietly going home, met a crowd of Portuguese who were doing a drizzling old time at the hotel. One of them without apparent reason, struck the biggest of the brothers a severe blow with a stick. For the next few minutes the air was filled with Lusitanian fur and feathers, but numbers prevailed in the end, and the Britons had to make a strategic movement to the southeast. Their assailants seized the opportunity to hire a few sampans and start for home, but before they had embarked one or two of the crowd were surrounded by the constabulary, and now eligible for Belton medals and crutches. The *Tylo* has been ordered to get up steam, if coals can be obtained on a promissory note, and I am watching developments.

HOW things are done in America. An old settler, Jonathan Bell, living at Wolf Creek, Tennessee, lost his wife about six weeks ago. A fortnight later he married again, his second wife being a young girl. The members of his family were so enraged when they heard the news that they went in a body to Bell's house, took his young wife out, stripped her, and gave her a hundred lashes. Bell and a friend of his named John Bellow had the assailants of the young wife arrested, but they were released on bail. As soon as they were liberated they returned to Bell's house to punish him for interfering in the family feud. Bellow and his family resisted the attack and a free fight ensued. Two members of the Bell family and a man named Jack Johnston were killed, and five others were seriously injured by bullet wounds that they are not expected to recover. Both sides have armed themselves with a view to renewing the quarrel and fighting it out to the bitter end.

THE parties who are running the gambling hell on the border of British territory at Kowloon, are making strenuous efforts to resist interference with their nefarious occupation. There is one point in connection with this question to which we must all the attention of the authorities and the public, and that is that when the negotiations for the Extradition Treaty with Great Britain commenced, also when the Optium Convention, by which the commercial blockade of this port was effected, took place one of the chief points upon which the Chinese Government relied was that it was incumbent upon friendly neighboring nations to prevent as far as practicable injurious traffic to the detriment of one or the other. This principle the British Government recognized, and the Chinese Government gained the end they had in view. Upon the same principle we submit the Chinese Government are bound to take notice of any representation from the Colonies' Government in regard to these notorious haunts of vice which have been purposely placed at our doors to demoralize and injure our fellow citizens.

In answer to a delegation of friends of peace, the late Von Moltke once gave the following answer:—"War is holy, of Divine institution; it is one of the sacred laws of the world; it keeps alive among men all the high, noble, heroic, honour, disinterestedness, valour, courage, and, in a word, prevents them falling into the morose, hideous 'Materialism.' Who ever yet cited stinking fat?"

THE Chinese authorities are trying to rake in their criminals. Two men were remanded by Mr. Wise to-day on different charges of piracy and murder. But the Government gun missed fire at the third round. The rule in these matters is that any Chinaman who has a "down" on a fellow-countryman writes anonymously, denouncing the same, to the nearest mandarin, who thereupon prevails on Mr. Wise to issue a warrant. Apparently that was the procedure in the case in question. A book who has been for fifteen years employed at Wellington Barracks was so denounced, and to-day stood in the dock charged with burglary, child-stealing, and murder in a stage near Canton last month. It was a physical impossibility that he could have done it, and as none of the witnesses could identify him, he got off. But he has no redress for the arrest, apparently—and anyone who has seen what a happy-go-lucky business this system of identification is would freely admit that no small amount would compensate an innocent man for the risk.

THE competition among the members of the Hongkong Rifle Association for the long range—800 and 900 yards—Challenge Cup and Range Spoon took place on Saturday afternoon at Kowloon, in fine weather. Nine members competed, but the result was anything but brilliant, if we except the score at 800 yards of Mr. Ford, who won the cup for the third time, and now consequently possesses it as his absolute property. He also won the 900 yards spoon, while that for the 500 yards goes to Inspector Mann. The following were the scores:—

	800 yards.	900 yards.	500 yards.
Mr. C. Ford.....	25	25	25
Mr. C. McLean.....	25	25	25
Inspector Mann.....	25	25	25
Mr. C. Jerrard.....	25	25	25
Mr. C. Jerrard.....	25	25	25
Mr. C. Jerrard.....	25	25	25
Mr. C. Jerrard.....	25	25	25
Mr. C. Jerrard.....	25	25	25
Mr. C. Jerrard.....	25	25	25
Mr. C. Jerrard.....	25	25	25

THE delicate point as to whether it is a case of murder, or suicide, or playing possum, has been agitating the mind of the redoubtable Sergeant Hadden since Saturday night. About 11 p.m. a Chinaman rushed excitedly into the Central Station saying that her husband's cargo-boat had been boarded by ten men as it lay anchored near Jardine's wharf, at West Point, and that because they couldn't get \$10 on some pretence that it was for *hikin* they had driven the crew below and looted the vessel. Hadden went with the lady to Tsim-sai-tsoi Station and there found two wet Chinamen who had been rescued just before by Captain Phillips, of the *Chowfa*. He also didn't find two other pagans, who had disappeared before they could be saved. The survivors said that the four of them boarded the cargo-boat, knowing that there was a lot of oil on board that had been stolen, with a view to extorting black-mail, but the boat-folk drove them overboard. Subsequent inquiries showed that the captain of the cargo-boat, hearing of the crew below and looted the vessel, Hadden went with the lady to Tsim-sai-tsoi Station and there found two wet Chinamen who had been rescued just before by Captain Phillips, of the *Chowfa*. He also didn't find two other pagans, who had disappeared before they could be saved. The survivors said that the four of them boarded the cargo-boat, knowing that there was a lot of oil on board that had been stolen, with a view to extorting black-mail, but the boat-folk drove them overboard. Subsequent inquiries showed that the captain of the cargo-boat, hearing of the crew below and looted the vessel, Hadden went with the lady to Tsim-sai-tsoi Station and there found two wet Chinamen who had been rescued just before by Captain Phillips, of the *Chowfa*. He also didn't find two other pagans, who had disappeared before they could be saved. 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out to the guilty was as swift and severe as they could make it.

We hear the Viceroy at Nanking is about to send home all the spare Huanan ex-braves from his locality. It is said that they will be somewhat complicated matters here.

The following two notices were circulated today. The first was glad indeed to see, as, in the event of an alarm being raised, without any common understanding amongst us, the confusion resulting would have greatly increased the risk, and encouraged the rioters. The second document is also reassuring.

(1) "The Defence Committee have appointed the hon. Messrs. Melchior, Pechinoff, & Co., and the hon. Messrs. Melchior, Pechinoff, & Co., as the two rallying points to which, in case of an alarm, all women and children are at once to be brought. The heads of families are requested to attend personally to the removal of their wives and children, to whichever rallying point is the more easily attainable.

Signals of alarm.—In the day three guns to be fired in quick succession. At night rockets and blue fires in addition."

(2) "The Undersigned hereby issues an address to the community, and begs them to be tranquil for the following reasons:—

1st.—He has no information to lead him to suppose any attack is intended.

2nd.—We have two men-of-war which could protect us from any attack.

3rd.—The undersigned has full confidence both in the good will and power of the higher authorities.

The undersigned's reading and experience of this news shows him that Secret Societies have been created in China. These secret societies are the cause of the trouble in China, and he believes, less than that they were in 1879. On the other hand, there has been a marked improvement during the last 10 years, in the personal conduct of these officials, and in their good will towards the community.

The undersigned heartily approves of a committee taking measures for self-protection, and is glad that these measures are being taken at the present moment; not because he apprehends danger, but because the assistance of Commanders Buge and Aker will be under these circumstances more effective. Further, in a large community like this, there will be necessarily one or two persons, who from being unacquainted with the Chinese ways, might injure innocent natives. It is wise, therefore, that such persons should be controlled by others more experienced.

The undersigned has had some experience of Chinese mobs. They can easily be quelled by a few resolute men acting in concert, and in strict obedience to orders.

(Signed) C. T. GARDNER.

—N. C. Daily News.

NUCHANG.

(From our own Correspondent.)

The authorities continue on the alert to afford all possible protection to the foreigners resident within the city. Three nights ago there was a fire outside the city in the small hours of the morning, and almost instantly a company of soldiers were on guard at the doors of the Wesleyan Mission and High School, which though a mile distant was nearest the fire. Evidently no chance was to be given to any incendiaries or looters. The cries of "kill" and the various anarchy rumours are rigidly suppressed on the streets. It is to be feared however that the Viceroy's proclamation has exposed him to more hatred than sympathy in the minds of the people.

A rumour is given in the N. C. Daily News of June 13th, received this morning, that H. E. the Viceroy of the Hukang has stated that he cannot rely on his soldiers. The facts are these. The city guard is composed of five battalions, the city is composed of one exception composed of Hukang men, and the one exception is a company of five hundred Hunanese. There is no question but Chang Ching-tung remains intensely unpopular with all but a small section of the community; but there are no signs of braving his authority. I understand that people, as they read the outspoken proclamation insisting on protection for the foreigners and the Christian Church, "curse" the Viceroy. It is obvious then that were the troops to mutiny, things would look serious. I am disposed to think that the rumour rose from circumstances which happened three weeks or a month ago. A military official of good rank was punished with degradation or cashiering. He was a favourite with his soldiers and they went on a march to besiege the doors of the Judge's yamen and insist on his restitution. So determined were they that in the dead of night a messenger was sent post haste to the Viceroy imploring authority to quash the sentence. The soldier's reply was, "the official is dead, and the soldiers are satisfied."

This was an awkward occurrence to happen just before a disturbance like the present, and goes rather to show that the military officials in command have a grave and responsible influence. Provided they be faithful, the soldiers will be faithful. It is exceedingly unlikely that the Viceroy has such a fear, still less likely that he uttered it.

As a contrast to the incident above mentioned, only two days ago the Viceroy's command only his military officers were slightly moved. He had ordered a regiment from Matsien, fifty miles from here, instantly to increase the force in the city. The commanding officer having, of course, sundry little changes to make before the two or three hundred men employed could be brought up to the regulation five hundred for which he was drawing pay, reported himself as arrived, while he was still engaged in filling up defects.

The Viceroy insisted on a personal interview, and upon the receipt of the official dispatch from the Hukang (Canton) here, a military officer would be held in order to raise the standard of revolt against so determined a superior. Things continue outwardly quiet; the air however is full of unrest. Mounted messengers are running along the main streets at all hours of the night. Dates are fixed for outbreaks. The rumour was that Hankow was to be attacked yesterday; all the military were in their places—and nothing happened. To-day and to-morrow are also mentioned. The suspense is being unpleasantly prolonged, but the conviction that Chang Ching-tung is strong enough remains unshaken. It is rumoured that Tse, the Hunan retired Taoist mentioned as responsible for the scurrilous literature, is to be rigorously proceeded against and examined. But Hunan gentry in Hunan are hard to arrest. It is to be hoped he is not a myth. —N. C. Daily News.

HANKING.

(From our Correspondent.)

This city of historic fame and Celestial pride seems again to be wearing its usual tranquillity and were it not for the presence of the military guards around our houses there would be no evidence that the "glorious city of the Ming Dynasty" had ever been the scene of revolutionary incidents. The lately bearing of the people is reassuring, and they continually acquire as to when the foreigners are likely to return. The missionaries are preaching in the street chapels, and in the absence of the medical men, the foreign doctors are doing their best to keep the sick and are steadily undertaking the work of

attending the sick in the hospital, and the dispensing of medicine at the hospital situate in the busiest part of the city. It is pleasing to report the peaceful state of affairs, which we sincerely trust will continue.

His Excellency the Viceroy has wisely and well spared no energy to prevent any further rising. Of course wild rumours are in the air, but these groundless fabrications seem to be native to this environment.

From chips gathered at conversations in the large tea shops we learn there is a deeply expressed great dissatisfaction with the present dynasty. The teacher class and people talk generally of their ripened convictions as to a near rebellion.

Our longing eyes grow weary while we vainly look for some little gunboat to come and stand by us "till the mists have rolled away." —N. C. Daily News.

The Viceroy of Nanking, says the *Shanghai*, has ordered a battalion of soldiers permanently stationed at that port. Several officials of low grade and deputies have been cashiered on account of their inability to suppress the late riot.

CHINESE SECRET SOCIETIES.

Most of the proscribed sects in China have been partly religious, but that is not the case with the Tai Li of Tientsin or the Kolo Hui of Hunan, says the *M. C. Daily News*. The sect that rose to the highest activity was a political society in China formerly known as the White Lily Society, and this was partly a vegetarian sect, as appears from the information collected by the government when it gave trouble. It had an existence of nearly a century and disappeared when put down finally by force in the reign of Chia Ching at the beginning of this century. We never hear of it now. The White Lily Society began in Hubei. From this province it spread to Szechuan and then expanded also into Hunan and Shensi. It was partly condemned as a depraved sect and partly as a rebellion. What is its official language, a "depraved sect" or *hse chiao* is plain from the statute book and from official memorials. It is characterised as exciting and deluding the people and leading them to lawless conduct. The punishment to a local magistrate for allowing this to be done in his jurisdiction is deprivation of rank only. If he excites the people to rebellion so that a city is lost to the government, he is by law to be beheaded. There is this difference, and in reporting a local trouble the magistrate naturally calls it the act of a depraved sect if he can decently do so, because this diminishes his own criminality. Consequently in reports to the Government, magistrates usually represented the White Lily movement as the act of a depraved vegetarian sect, although, as a censor pointed out at the time, the magistrates were guilty of gross neglect in not soothing, exhorting, and guiding the people, and of pressing them to pay undue taxes, worrying them to work there was no call for, and exercising over them a tyranny beyond all reason. This is called in the statute book the crime on the part of magistrates of exciting to rebellion and beheading is the punishment. The White Lily, as the name suggests, was in fact a Buddhist vegetarian sect. Its members professed to worship Buddha, they read books with the word Buddha in them, avoided animal food and took a vow not to destroy animal life. In those respects the White Lily resembled the modern vegetarian sects in Shantung, Fukien and other provinces. But men with political designs joined them. The organisation was used as a convenience by agitators, and a great rebellion, to put down which required military operations on a large scale, was the result. Many of the sects at present have Buddhist names. The advantage they offer to political agitators is that they have night meetings in country places, that the members are registered, under leaders who are supplied with an income by the contributions of the members, and that the agitator by means of this organisation can secure large bands of obedient followers without much difficulty.

Besides the societies having a Buddhist basis there are the *planchette* societies, the societies of the Red Light and the White Light, and the sworn brotherhoods of men who cut off the head of a cock and mix the blood and wine, which they all drink, taking an oath not to desert one another. The question is asked: "When may we run for our lives and when not?" The oath then that point and its importance consists in the fact that not to run away implies determination to resist soldiers, *yamen* runners, police and mandarins generally, at the moment of collision with constituted authority. At that point the brotherhood becomes rebellion. Before that the brethren are merely planning and taking preliminary measures. Such societies may not be political at all. They are merely instituted for mutual protection or other objects which clubs may have in view. They may, however, be patriotic and anti-foreign. The society may think it is a danger to China in the spread of Christianity and may undertake to prevent this if they can. There is no doubt that the Kolo Hui is a non-Buddhist military society. The people say that in taking the oath of membership they kill a cock and drink the blood, and the old and new members do this together, and that this is a measure intended to ensure the fidelity of the members to each other. It began some fifty years ago in Yunnan and Kweichow. But later on its chief seat was in Hunan as at present. It was in the army all through the T'ai-ping troubles. Similar societies have existed in China ever since the Han dynasty. They often make much of the *planchette* which implies the Taoist element. A suspended pencil scratches characters on a sand *planchette*, and is supposed to be moved by one of the immortal genii of the Taoists, who comes down in response to an act of worship to the room where the members of the Society are assembled. It is seated on a *planchette* or *tan*. He moves the pencil, and the least of the Society present interprets the marks made in the sand. This custom of expecting the genii to come down and write oracles has been common in China ever since the third or at latest the fourth century. If any sect has this ceremony it is not Buddhist but Taoist. In the Statute Book the law is as strict against the one as against the other. The Sacred Edict also is as decided in its language against the one as against the other. Taoists are otherworldly in some cases prepare an altar of incense and burn it in a crucible; others read aloud certain charms which may be Taoist or Buddhist. Incense burning is a common ceremony and hence the name of the sect called *Yi chiu hsiang*, "one stick of incense."

A main element in all these societies is the subscription. The contributions of the members go to the leaders. They may consist of rice or money. The name *Mit chiap* "Rice sect" is commonly given in Chihli province to one of the largest sects on this account. We hear of two thousand cash being exacted for tickets of membership from new adherents.

When the sect is small this provides a comfortable income for the leaders and they simply limit themselves to religious teaching. They hold long night meetings. The people sing in a low chant, and there is a sort of worship. When the organisation becomes large and develops political designs, the meetings are held in lonely places, no mention is made for instance in Szechuan, of the largest sect, the members learn to use the *planchette* and the members learn to use the *planchette* and the members learn to use the *planchette*.

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HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.

Queen's Road, and Duddell Street, Hongkong, 26th June, 1891.

Lily sect. As to the Kolo Hui it is the most dangerous of all the existing secret societies. The members are actively engaged in exciting the ignorant to attack the Roman Catholic missions in as many places as possible. They profess patriotism. They consist, as they always have done, of soldiers and braves. They sympathise with the opening scene in the novel of the Three Kingdoms where Liu Pei and his two friends swear eternal brotherhood and fidelity to Han. But they are as much a prohibited society as the White Lily in the eye of the law. They are secret conspirators. They run away at the appearance of danger and leave the poor villagers whom they have incited to burning and robbery to suffer in their place.

Today's Advertisements.

THEATRE ROYAL.

CITY HALL HONGKONG.

THIS EVENING, the 29th June.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT OF THE WILLARD OPERA COMPANY.

Grand Production of Von Suppe's Great Opera "BOCCACCIO."

Boccaccio (Student).....Miss Alice St. John.
Leonetto (a Student).....Mr. W. W. Walker.
Pietro (Prince of Palermo).....Mr. Frank Saxe.
Lottierighi (a Cooper).....Mr. F. Wentworth.
Lambertucci (a Soldier).....Mr. Harry Hall.
Scotto (Courtier).....Mr. Ramsay.
Checco (a Blind Beggar).....Mr. Smyth.
The Major Domo.....Mr. S. Dean.
The Chamberlain.....Mr. P. Varnard.
Isabella (Wife of Lottierighi).....Miss Vera Poley.
Flaminetta.....Miss Clara Denyer.
Pernella (Wife of Lambertucci).....Miss Bessie Royal.
Beatrice.....Miss McDonald.
Fillipa (an Olive Girl).....Miss R. Trigg.
Rosetta (a Flower Girl).....Miss R. Swift.
Duenna (a Beauty).....Miss Roberts.
Spada (Page).....Miss Trigg.
Pages and Flower Girls.....Shields, Norman & Trigg.

Act I.—Florence. The Trial by Fire.
Act II.—The Conqueror and the Farm.
Act III.—The Archducal Palace Gardens.

WEDNESDAY, the 1st July,
"MARITANA."

Plan now Open at Messrs. Kelly & Walsh.
GENERAL ADMISSION:—\$3, \$2 and \$1.
Hongkong, 29th June, 1891.

THEATRE ROYAL.

CITY HALL.

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), EVENING.

MR. GEO. C. MILN.

Supported by
MISS LOUISE JORDAN

AND COMPANY

"MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING."

Mr. MILN as Benedick.
Miss JORDAN as Beatrice.

FRIDAY, JULY 3RD.

GRAND FAREWELL BENEFIT.

Mr. MILN as Ingenious.

ASSISTED BY MEMBERS OF THE A.D.C.

PRICES \$2 and \$1.

Plan Kelly & Walsh, Ltd.
Hongkong, 29th June, 1891.

CATHAY CHAPTER.

No. 1,165.

A CONVOCATION OF EMERGENCY of the above Chapter, will be held in the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zeland Street, THIS EVENING, the 29th instant, at 8.30 for 9 O'CLOCK precisely.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

A COMPETITION FOR THE SHORT RANGE HANDICAP CHALLENGE CUP and SPOONS will take place on SATURDAY next, the 4th July, commencing at 3.15 p.m. 200 and 300 yards. Usual conditions.

A Launch will leave the P. & O. Pier at 2.45 p.m. to convey competitors.

J. ANDERSON, Acting Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 29th June, 1891.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE certificate of One Share in this COMPANY, numbered 1365, standing in the Register in the name of Messrs. DUNN, MELBY & Co., having been LOST, notice is hereby given that a new certificate for the said one share will be issued fourteen days hence, and that the original certificate, unless produced within that period will thereafter be held by the Company as null and void.

FOR SHANGHAI.

THE Steamship

"LY-RE-MOON."

Captain G. Heusermann, will be despatched for the above Port TO-MORROW, the 30th inst., at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
SIEMSEN & Co.,
Hongkong, 29th June, 1891.

FOR MANILA, VIA AMOY.

THE Steamship

"DON JUAN."

Captain R. Beltran, will be despatched for the above Port on WEDNESDAY, the 1st July, at 3 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
BRANDAO & Co.,
Agents,
Hongkong, 29th June, 1891.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW.

THE Company's Steamship

"FOKION."

Captain Davis, will be despatched for the above Port on THURSDAY, the 2nd July, at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LARPAIK & Co.,
General Managers,
Hongkong, 29th June, 1891.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR AMOY AND TAMSUI.

THE Company's Steamship

"FORMOSA."

Captain Hall, will be despatched for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 2nd July, at 3 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LARPAIK & Co.,
General Managers,
Hongkong, 29th June, 1891.

THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA, VIA AMOY.

THE Company's Steamship

"ESMERALDA."

Captain G. Taylor, will be despatched for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 2nd July, at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
SHEWAN & Co.,
Temporary General Managers,
Hongkong, 29th June, 1891.

Commercial.

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, cum New Issue
—101 per cent. premium, buyers.
Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$35 per
share, buyers.
China Traders' Insurance Company—\$62 per
share, buyers.
North China Insurance—Tls. 275 per share,
buyers.
Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$115 per
share, sellers.
Y. N. Insurance Association—Tls. 72 per
share, buyers.
On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 150
per share.
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$305 per
share, buyers.
China Fire Insurance Company—\$81 per share,
buyers.
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—\$101
per cent. premium, buyers.
Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—
\$311 per share, buyers.
China and Manila Steam Ship Company—\$205
per share, buyers.
Hongkong Gas Company—\$131 per share,
buyers.
Hongkong Hotel Company—\$120 per share,
buyers.
Hongkong Hotel Co.'s Six per cent. Debentures
\$301.
Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—
—30 per cent. discount, buyers.
Douglas Steamship Company—\$43 per share,
sellers.
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$182
per share, buyers.
Lauzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$86
per share, sellers.
Hongkong Ice Company—\$89 per share, sellers.
Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited
\$75 per share.
Hongkong Dairy Farm Co., Limited—\$7 per
share, sales.
A. S. Watson & Co., Limited—\$30 per share,
ex div., sales and buyers.
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884—B—21 per cent.
premium, sellers.
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884—C—5 per cent.
premium, buyers.
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884—E—14 per cent.
premium.
Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company,
Limited—\$160 per share, buyers.
The Hongkong Steam Laundry Co., Limited—
\$25 per share, nominal.
Punfong and Singhee Dua Samanin Mining Co.—
\$31 per share, sellers.
The Rong Koh Mining Co., Limited—80 cents
per share, sellers.
Immu Mining Co., Limited—\$31 per share,
sales and sellers.
The Balmoral Gold Mining Co., Limited—\$4
per share, sellers.
Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown
Company—\$82 per share, buyers.
Tongqua Coal Mining Co.—\$30 per share,
sellers.
The Hongkong High-Level Tramway Co.,
Limited—\$65 per share, buyers.
H. G. Brown & Co., Limited—\$30 per share,
buyers.
Crichton & Co., Limited—\$35 per share,
nominal.
The Steam Launch Co., Limited—nominal.
The Aspin Arms Hotel and Building Company,
Limited—\$100 per share, sellers.
The China-Dormer Co., Limited—\$15 per share,
sellers.
The Hongkong Brick and Cement Co., Limited—
\$12 per share, sellers.
The Green Island Cement Co.—\$15 per share,
sellers.
The Hongkong Land Investment Co., Limited—
\$85 per share, sellers.
The Hongkong Electric Light Co., Limited—\$6
per share, sellers.
Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited—\$14 per share,
buyers.
The West Point Buildings Co., Limited—\$25
per share, sellers.
The Peak Hotel and Trading Co., Limited—\$5
per share, sellers.
The Lanku Planting Co., Limited—\$15 per
share, sellers.
The Jelabu Mining and Trading Co., Limited—
\$31 per share, buyers.
The Selama Tin Mining Co., Limited—75 cents
per share, sellers.
The Shamrock Hotel Co., Limited—nominal.
The Kowloon Land Investment Co., Limited—
\$15 per share, buyers.
The Bank of China & Japan & the Straits Ld.—
\$161 per share, buyers.
The Bank of China & Japan & the Straits Ld.—
Founders' shares, \$160 per share, sales and
buyers.
London and Pacific Petroleum Co., Ld.—\$15
sellers.
The National Bank of China, Ld.—\$5 per cent.
div., buyers.
The National Bank of China, Ld.—Founders'
shares, \$350 per share, buyers.

EXCHANGE.

ON LONDON—Bank T. T. 3/4
Bank Bills, on demand 3/4
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 3/4
Credits at 4 months' sight 3/4
Documentary Bills, at 4 months'
sight 3/4
ON PARIS—
Bank, Bills, on demand 4/07
Credits, at 4 months' sight 4/15
On India, T. T. 223
On Demand 223
ON SHANGHAI—
Bank, T. T. 714
Private, 30 days' sight 721

Shipping.

ARRIVALS.

DONAR, German steamer, 1,014, B. Grundmann,
27th June, Saigon 23rd June, Rice and
General.—Wielers & Co.
LAU, British steamer, 1,246, Nobby, 27th
June, Penang 17th June, and Singapore
21st, General.—Ching Moh.
THALES, British steamer, 820, Hunter, 28th
June, Talanfool 15th June, Amoy 26th,
and Swatow 27th June, General.—D.
Laplace & Co.
SIWOWS, Russian corvette, 1,200, Captains A.
Flakels, 28th June, Nagasaki 16th June,
FORNIE, British steamer, 509, W. Davis, 28th
June, Tamsui 21st June, and Amoy 27th,
General.—D. Laplace & Co.
NIMN NOVODOR, Russian steamer, 2,000,
Pashinsky, 28th June, Vladivostok 1st
June, and Hankow 21st, Tels.—Melchers
& Co.
CHUSAN, German steamer, 623, W. Weard, 28th
June, Newchwang 21st June, and Chefoo
22nd, Beas.—C. M. S. N. Co.
ALBERT, German steamer, 400, A. Banden,
28th June, Peking 24th June, and Hobei
27th, General.—Wielers & Co.
SHANAI, Japanese steamer, 1,511, H. Sakai, 28th
June, Nagasaki 23rd June, and Amoy 27th,
General.—Wielers & Co.
YAMAGUCHI, Japanese steamer, 1,100, N. I.
Ishikawa, 28th June, Nagasaki 23rd June,
and Amoy 27th, General.—Wielers & Co.

LY-22 MOON, German steamer, 1,235, G. Heuer-
mann, 20th June, Whampoa 23rd June,
General.—Stenissen & Co.
AVOCHIE, British steamer, 1,055, T. Rowlin,
20th June, Nagasaki 23rd June, Coal—
Melchers & Co.
DON JUAN, Spanish steamer, 614, R. Beltran,
20th June, Manila 16th June, General—
Brandido & Co.
MANNON, British steamer, 825, A. Dorri, 20th
June, Sandakan 23rd June, General—
Butterfield & Swire.

CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.
Rha, German steamer, for Manila.
Nimn Novogorod, Russian steamer, for Singa-
pore.
Nana, British steamer, for Swatow.
Lafu, British steamer, for Amoy.
Yokohama, German steamer, for Tournon.

DEPARTURES.
June 27, Tehn Batsley, American bark, for
Manila.
June 28, Nini Novogorod, Russian steamer, for
Singapore.
June 28, Collingham, British steamer, for Kut-
ching.
June 28, Sussex, British steamer, for Kobe, &c.
June 28, Hatten, British str., for Swatow, &c.
June 28, Namchey, British str., for Amoy, &c.
June 28, Polyphamus, British steamer, for Singa-
pore, &c.
June 28, Swatow, British steamer, for Swatow.
June 28, Chichu, British str., for Swatow, &c.
June 29, Ayaz, British steamer, for Amoy, &c.
June 29, Tot-chong, German steamer, for
Newchwang.
June 29, Elio, German steamer, for Manila.
June 29, Nana, British str., for Swatow.

PASSENGERS—ARRIVALS.
Per Thales, str., from Talanfool, &c.—
Messrs. Mason, Bain, and 51 Chinese.
Per Fokien, str., from Tamsui, &c.—Mr.
Stoddart, and 6 Chinese.
Per Donar, str., from Saigon—64 Chinese.
Per Aloha, str., from Fakhol, &c.—60
Chinese.
Per Asago, str., from Nagasaki—Mr. Mess,
and 3 Japanese.
Per Laju, str., from Penang, &c., for Hong-
kong—56 Chinese. Per Swatow—49 Chinese.
Per Amoy—22 Chinese.
Per Don Juan, str., from Manila—54
Chinese.
Per Memnon, str., from Sandakan—116
Chinese.
DEPARTED.
Per Chouffe, str., for Swatow, &c.—150
Chinese.
Per Smith, str., for Swatow—150 Chinese.
Per Namchow, str., for Amoy, &c.—300
Chinese.
Per Hatten, str., for Swatow, &c.—4 Euro-
peans and 110 Chinese.
Per Ayaz, str., for Amoy, &c.—77 Chinese.
Per Sussex, str., for Kobe, &c.—34 Chinese.
Per Polyphamus, str., for Singapore—8 Euro-
peans.

REPORTS.
The British steamship Memnon reports that
she left Sandakan on the 23rd instant. Had
light winds and fine weather.
The German steamship Donar reports that
she left Saigon on the 23rd instant. Had mod-
erate southerly wind and fine weather.
The German steamship Aloha reports that
she left Fakhol on the 24th instant, and Hobei
on the 27th. Had light south-east winds and
fine weather.
The Russian steamship Nini Novogorod
reports that she left Vladivostok on the 1st
instant, and Hankow on the 21st. Had fine
weather throughout.
The British steamship Laju reports that she
left Penang on the 17th instant, and Singapore
on the 21st. Had moderate but variable winds
and fine weather throughout.
The British steamship Thales reports that she
left Talanfool on the 25th instant, Amoy on the
26th, and Swatow on the 27th. Had moderate
south-west breeze and fine weather throughout.
The Japanese steamship Asago reports that
she left Nagasaki on the 22nd instant. Had
strong south-west breeze and high sea. On the
25th, passed the British yacht St. George, in lat.
25.40 north and long. 121.58 east.
The British steamship Fokien reports that
she left Tamsui on the 25th inst. Experienced
fresh south-west winds and high head sea with
overcast sky to Amoy. Left Amoy on the 27th.
Experienced fresh south-west winds and mod-
erate sea; the latter part of the passage had light
wind and fine weather.
The German steamship Chusan reports that
she left Newchwang on the 21st instant, and
Chefoo on the 22nd at 8 p.m. Experienced fresh
southerly and variable winds, rainy weather
with boisterous south-south-east sea from
Shantung Promontory to Turnabout; from there
to port had light south-south-west winds and
fine weather.

Post Office.

A MAIL WILL CLOSE.

For Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama, and Van-
couver.—Per Empress of India to-morrow, the
30th instant, at 11.30 A.M.
For Swatow, Amoy, & Talanfool.—Per Thales
to-morrow, the 30th instant, at 11.30 A.M.

SHIPPING IN HONGKONG.

STEAMERS.

ARRATON APCAR, British steamer, 1,302, J.
G. Spence, 25th June, Calcutta 9th June,
Penang 16th, and Singapore 19th, Optimis
and General.—D. Sassoon, Sons & Co.
BOROMDA, Italian steamer, 1,499, C. Gavran,
25th June, Bombay 7th June, and Singa-
pore 19th, General.—Carlson & Co.
CANTON, British steamer, 1,170, T. Seller, 27th
June, Shanghai, via Swatow 23rd June,
General.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
CITY OF PEKING, American steamer, 3,129, R.
R. Seale, 27th June, San Francisco 2nd
June, and Yokohama 21st, Mails and
General.—P. M. S. S. Co.
CLARA, German steamer, 675, H. Island,
27th June, Halphong 24th June, General—
A. R. Marty.
DELTA, French steamer, 717, Abbal, 26th June,
Haiphong 22nd June, General.—Messageries
Maritimes.
DEYAWONGSE, British steamer, 1,057, F. H. Loff,
22nd June, Bangkok 16th June, General—
Yuen Fat Hong.
DORIS, German steamer, 771, J. Raben, 27th
June, Whampoa 27th June, General—
Wielers & Co.
EDWARDAL, British steamer, 1,666, R. Humphrey,
25th June, Saigon 21st June, Rice—
Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.
EMPEROR OF INDIA, British steamer, 3,001, O.
P. Marshall, R.N.R., 28th May, Van-
couver, via Yokohama 22nd May, and
Shanghai 26th, General.—Dodwell, Carill
& Co.
FAUS, British steamer, 1,117, Lieut. Wm. G.
Comley, R.N.R.—Hongkong Government
steamer.
HONGKONG, British steamer, 999, Arthur, 24th
June, Hongkong 24th June, General—Butter-
field & Swire.

HONGKONG—STEAMERS.
Continued.
JOHANN, German steamer, 457, H. Binge, 27th
June, Tientsin 24th June, General—
Wielers & Co.
LOO SOX, British steamer, 1,020, A. Benson, 27th
June, Bangkok 21st June, Rice and
General.—Yuen Fat Hong.
NIZAM, British steamer, 1,515, Geo. L. Lang-
borne, R.N.R., 19th June, Bombay 3rd
June, and Singapore 13th, General.—P. &
O. S. N. Co.
PARTHA, British steamer, 2,035, John Panton,
R.N.R., 25th June, Vancouver 3rd June,
Yokohama 18th, and Shanghai 23rd,
General.—Dodwell, Carill & Co.
PILOT, British steamer, 1,011, A. Stopal-
house, 28th June, Whampoa 23rd June,
Polling German str. 8th, H. Hollmer, 23rd
June, Saigon 19th June, Rice and Paddy—
Melchers & Co.
SWACH, German steamer, 631, C. Binge, 26th
June, Whampoa 26th June, General—
Melchers & Co.
TARTAR, British steamer, 1,567, S. D. Bailey,
27th June, Moll 12th June, Coal—Gibb,
Livingston & Co.
TATTOO, German steamer, 1,348, C. Desler, 24th
June, Samarang 18th June, Sugar and Oil—Geo. R. Stevens
& Co.

SAILING VESSELS.
ALFRED HAWLEY, British bark, 412, Wm.
Swelling, 9th June, Sharks Bay, W.A., and
Mar. Sandalwood.—Order.
CALABRO, British ship, 1,350, Douglas, 4th
June, New York 23rd January, Petroleum—
Russell & Co.
CAMBUDGON, British ship, 1,197, R. Carland,
12th May, New York 28th Nov., Petroleum.
ERIKSMO, Chinese bark, 457, Optum Examina-
tion bark, Stonecutters Island—Chinese
Customs.
GRORISSETTA, American bark, 983, Kasten, 18th
June, Singapore 5th June, Timber—
Master.
HYDRA, Danish bark, 786, C. Christensen, 26th
April, Hamburg 5th December, General—
Carlowitz & Co.
ISAC REID, American ship, 1,489, F. D. Waldo,
24th May, New York 23rd Nov., Kerosene
Oil—Russell & Co.
MCCLAUREN, American ship, 1,313, F. L. Oakes,
28th April, New York 30th November,
Petroleum.—Order.
MINNIE G. WHITTING, British bark, 1,221, W. H.
Smith, 18th June, New York and Feb.,
Kerosene Oil—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
NICOVA, British bark, 594, T. Norris, 12th June,
Bangkok 28th May, Timber and Rice—
Chinese.
ONKKA, British bark, 480, A. V. Brown, 23rd
May, Singapore, 24th April, Timber—
Master.
P. N. BLANCHARD, American ship, 1,503, N. W.
Blanchard, 12th June, Saigon 6th June,
Rice—Captain.
VULCOV, British bark, 491, R. Martia, 26th
May, Honolulu 19th April, General—
Chinese.

ALFRED HAWLEY, British bark, 412, Wm.
Swelling, 9th June, Sharks Bay, W.A., and
Mar. Sandalwood.—Order.
CALABRO, British ship, 1,350, Douglas, 4th
June, New York 23rd January, Petroleum—
Russell & Co.
CAMBUDGON, British ship, 1,197, R. Carland,
12th May, New York 28th Nov., Petroleum.
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tion bark, Stonecutters Island—Chinese
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GRORISSETTA, American bark, 983, Kasten, 18th
June, Singapore 5th June, Timber—
Master.
HYDRA, Danish bark, 786, C. Christensen, 26th
April, Hamburg 5th December, General—
Carlowitz & Co.
ISAC REID, American ship, 1,489, F. D. Waldo,
24th May, New York 23rd Nov., Kerosene
Oil—Russell & Co.
MCCLAUREN, American ship, 1,313, F. L. Oakes,
28th April, New York 30th November,
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Smith, 18th June, New York and Feb.,
Kerosene Oil—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
NICOVA, British bark, 594, T. Norris, 12th June,
Bangkok 28th May, Timber and Rice—
Chinese.
ONKKA, British bark, 480, A. V. Brown, 23rd
May, Singapore, 24th April, Timber—
Master.
P. N. BLANCHARD, American ship, 1,503, N. W.
Blanchard, 12th June, Saigon 6th June,
Rice—Captain.
VULCOV, British bark, 491, R. Martia, 26th
May, Honolulu 19th April, General—
Chinese.

Hotels.

THE SHAMEN HOTEL.
BRITISH CONCESSION, CANTON.

THIS FIRST CLASS HOTEL, admirably
situated within a few minutes walk of the
River Steamer Wharves, is now open to receive
Visitors.
The Bed-rooms are cool, airy and comfortably
furnished, and the spacious Dining Room, Sitting
Room, and accommodation generally will be
found equal to the best Hotels in the Far East.
The Table D'Hotel is supplied with every
luxury in season, and the cuisine is in ex-
perienced hands.
Wines, Spirits, Malt Liqueurs, etc., of the best
quality only.

A. F. DO ROZARIO,
Manager.
Hongkong, 4th November, 1890. [1047]

NOW OPEN.

THE MOUNT AUSTIN HOTEL.

A SELECT FAMILY AND RESIDENTIAL
HOTEL, situated 1,400 feet above the
sea level, commanding on the one side a mag-
ificent view of the Harbour with the Malakoff
in the distance, and on the other of hills and moun-
tains, with the sea beyond dotted with islands as
far as the eye can reach, surrounded by extensive
promenades and pleasure grounds, including
three good Tennis Courts. The Mount Pro-
menade alone is nearly an acre in extent.
The Hotel is replete with every accommoda-
tion for Families and Gentlemen.
The Manager, MR. ROBERT FISHERWOOD,
will be assisted by an Efficient Lady Staff, and
the Hotel will be conducted upon the best Eng-
lish system. The accommodation comprises a
spacious Dining Hall, Private Dining Rooms,
Drawing, Reading, Smoking, Grill, Billiard, and
Private Sitting Rooms, with Fifty-four Bedrooms
each provided with separate Bathrooms, and
every convenience.
Tramway Tickets will be supplied to Visitors
at Reduced Rates.
For terms apply to the Secretary at the
Company's Office, 38 and 40, Queen's Road
Central, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 21st June, 1891. [691]

BAY VIEW HOTEL.

MR. OSBORNE begs to announce that this
convenient half-way House on Shaw-
ki-wai Road is now open.
The HOTEL commands a beautiful View,
and is situated in a cool and breezy spot.
There is a convenient landing jetty opposite
the Hotel for launches.
The best Brands of WINES, LIQUORS,
CIGARS, &c., always on Stock. MEALS can
be served at any hour. Prompt attendance.
Hongkong, 14th May, 1891. [725]

DENTISTRY.

FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP
AND MODERATE FEES.

MR. WONG TAI-FONG,
Surgeon Dentist,
(Formerly styled Apprentice, and latterly
assistant to Dr. ROGERS),
HAS REMOVED
TO THE MARINE HOUSE,
QUEEN'S ROAD,
(next to the Telegraph Companies).
CONSULTATION FREE.
Hongkong, 7th March, 1891. [1091]

Consignees.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF Cargo per Steamship
"CITY OF PEKING."
The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees
of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their
Bills of Lading for Countersignature, and to take
immediate delivery of their Goods from along-
side.
Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel
will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk
and expense.
J. S. VAN BUREN,
Acting Agent.
Hongkong, 27th June, 1891. [12]

"MOGUL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
STEAMSHIP "AFGHAN,"
FROM GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL
AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES OF Cargo are hereby informed
that all Goods are being landed at their
risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and
Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, at
Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves
delivery may be obtained.
Optional cargo will be forwarded unless notice
to the contrary be given before NOON, TO-
MORROW.
No Claims will be admitted after the Goods
have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining
undelivered after the 1st July, will be subject to
rent.
All claims against the Steamer must be pre-
sented to the Underigned on or before the 1st
July, or they will not be recognized.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
DODWELL, CARILL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 24th June, 1891. [893]

To be Let.

TO LET.
HOUSES at the Peak, and at BELILIOS
TERRACE.
ROOM and SHOP in BRACONFIELD ARCADE,
Queen's Road.
GODOWNS in Duddell Street.
Apply to
BELILIOS & Co.
Hongkong, 26th June, 1891. [916]

TO BE LET.
AN exceedingly comfortable and cool 6
ROOMED HOUSE.
Apply to
THE SECRETARY,
Humphreys Estate & Finance Co., Ltd.

TO BE LET.
HOUSES at Mountain View near Flinnick's
Gap Hill District, consisting of 5 or 6
large dwelling rooms with every convenience.
These houses overlook both sides of the island
and are cool, comfortable and healthy.
Apply to
JOHN A. JUPP,
Secretary,
The Austin Arms Hotel,
and
Building Company, Ltd.
38 & 40, Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong, 26th May, 1891. [955]

TO LET.
No. 9, SEYMOUR TERRACE.
ROOMS in College Chambers.
OFFICES and CHAMBERS in Connaught
Square, Queen's Road Central.
OFFICES in Victoria Buildings.
Apply to
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
Hongkong, 18th June, 1891. [112]

TO BE LET.
THE Premises now in our occupation, known
as "CONNAUGHT HOUSE," in Queen's
Road Central.
Possession from 1st July next.
For further particulars, apply to
THE MARINBURK FURNITURE Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, 5th June, 1891. [187]

NOTICE.
TO LET.
THE PREMISES No. 9, Praya Central, lately
occupied by Messrs. RUSSELL & Co. The
whole by flats, or single rooms suitable for
Offices and Dwelling.
Apply to
E. D. SASSOON & Co.
Hongkong, 20th June, 1891. [1301]

THE KOWLOON LAND AND BUILDING
COMPANY, LIMITED.
TO LET.
KNUTSFORD TERRACE,
KOWLOON.
HOUSES with 5 ROOMS, including Bath-
rooms, Tennis Courts. Good view and
Healthy situation. Rent and Taxes \$32, a
month.
Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT
& AGENCY Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, 24th March, 1891. [423]

TO LET.
With Immediate Possession.
No. 17, PRAYA CENTRAL.
OFFICES—above Messrs. Douglas, LaPrak &
Co.'s Premises.
Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT
& AGENCY Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, 16th December, 1890. [149]

TO LET.
BAHAR LODGE, THE PEAK.
R. B. LOT No. 59.
THIS desirable residence, with Gas, laid on,
to be Let Furnished or Unfurnished.
Apply to
HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT
& AGENCY Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, 12th May, 1891. [710]

TO LET.
A T. Bonham Road, "WILSON," A SIX
ROOMED BUNGALOW, with Tennis
Court.
Possession from the 1st July, 1891.
J. M. BASA,
No. 25, Pottenger Street.
Hongkong, 19th June, 1891. [1091]

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT
& AGENCY Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, 16th December, 1890. [149]

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Hongkong, 12th May, 1891. [710]

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Hongkong, 16th December, 1890. [149]

Intimations.

HONGKONG AND CHINA GAS COMPANY
LIMITED.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Company
will be CLOSED from the 15th to the 30th
inst., both days inclusive.
F. W. CROSS,
Manager.
Hongkong, 16th June, 1891. [1872]

THE INSTITUTION OF ENGINEERS,
AND SHIPBUILDERS OF HONGKONG
INCORPORATED, 1891.

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS
of this Institution is convened in ac-
cording with the Company's Ordinance of 1865 to
1890, to be held on the Evening of WEDNES-
DAY, the 8th day of July, 1891, at the Rooms
No. 16, Praya Central, at 8.30 p.m.
The further business to be met before the
Meeting will be the Committee's Report on the
progress of the Institution to date.
Though the business is confined to Members
solely, the presence of all Engineers interested
will be cordially welcomed by the Committee.
W. H. WALKER,
Secretary.
16, Praya,
Hongkong, 25th June, 1891. [912]

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC COMPANY,
LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SECOND
ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING
of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Com-
pany will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, on SATUR-
DAY, the 11th July, at noon, for the purpose of
presenting the Report of the Directors, together
with a statement of accounts to 30th April, 1891,
and electing Directors and Auditors.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from the 28th June to 11th
July, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
CHAS. F. HARTON,
Acting Secretary.
Hongkong, 25th June, 1891. [913]

